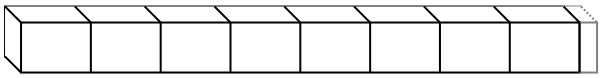
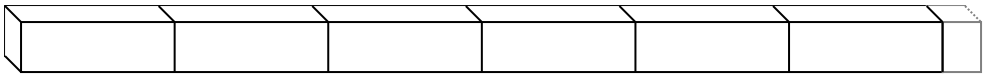
Indica il numero di piccole unità o parti frazionate che si possono ricavare dai pezzi più grandi.

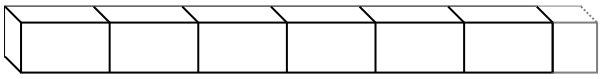
Es) $8\frac{1}{4}$



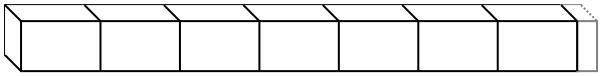
1) $6\frac{1}{4}$



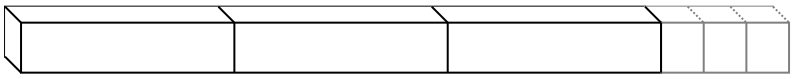
2) $6\frac{1}{2}$



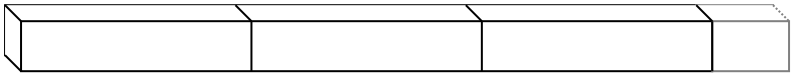
3) $7\frac{1}{4}$



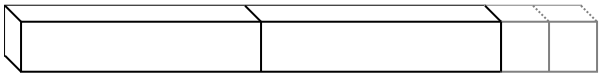
4) $3\frac{3}{5}$



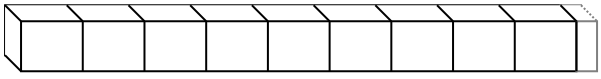
5) $3\frac{1}{3}$



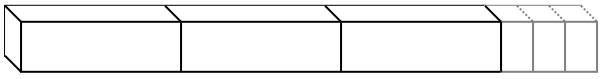
6) $2\frac{2}{5}$



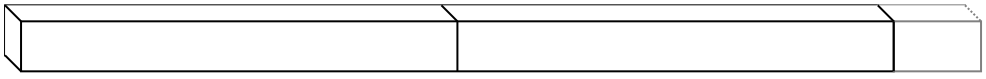
7) $9\frac{1}{3}$



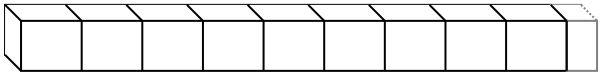
8) $3\frac{3}{5}$



9) $2\frac{1}{5}$



10) $9\frac{1}{2}$



Risposte

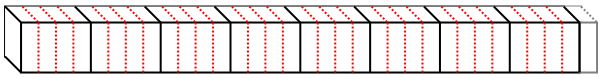
Es. **33**

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____
5. _____
6. _____
7. _____
8. _____
9. _____
10. _____

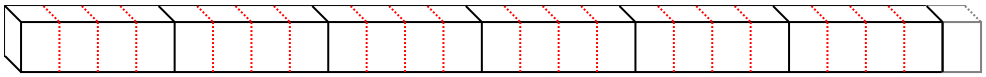
1-10	90	80	70	60	50	40	30	20	10	0

Indica il numero di piccole unità o parti frazionate che si possono ricavare dai pezzi più grandi.

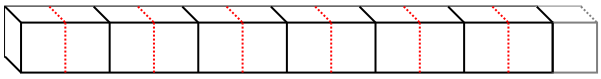
Es) $8\frac{1}{4}$



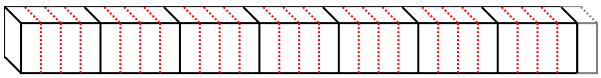
1) $6\frac{1}{4}$



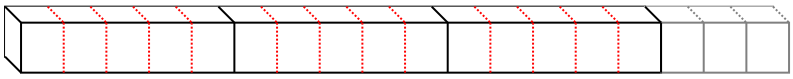
2) $6\frac{1}{2}$



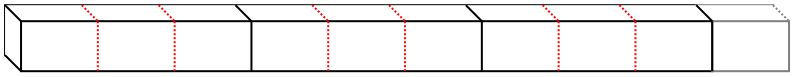
3) $7\frac{1}{4}$



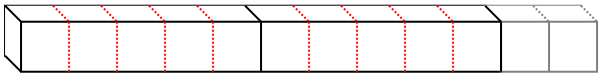
4) $3\frac{3}{5}$



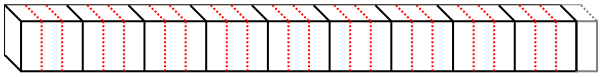
5) $3\frac{1}{3}$



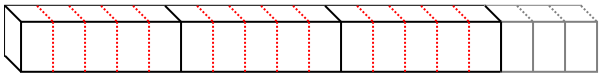
6) $2\frac{2}{5}$



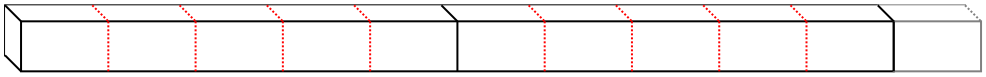
7) $9\frac{1}{3}$



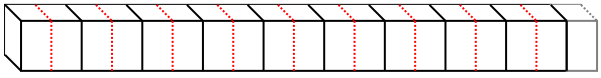
8) $3\frac{3}{5}$



9) $2\frac{1}{5}$



10) $9\frac{1}{2}$



Risposte

Es.	33
1.	25
2.	13
3.	29
4.	18
5.	10
6.	12
7.	28
8.	18
9.	11
10.	19

1-10	90	80	70	60	50	40	30	20	10	0